



8th World Congress of Biomechanics

8-12 July 2018
Dublin, Ireland



Biomechanical modeling of endovascular aortic aneurysm repair: transfer towards clinical practice

Prof Stéphane Avril

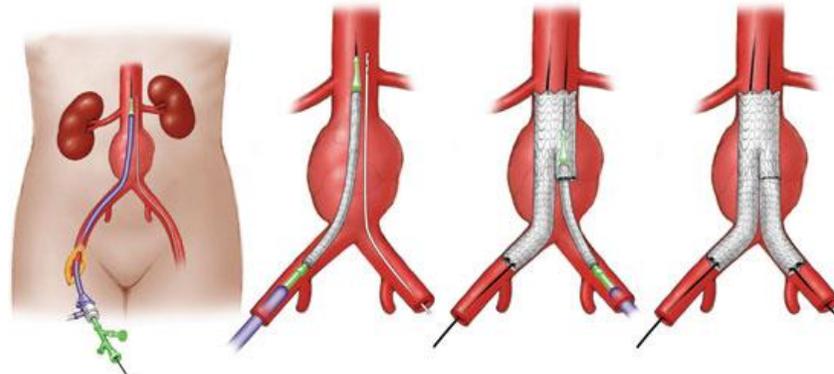
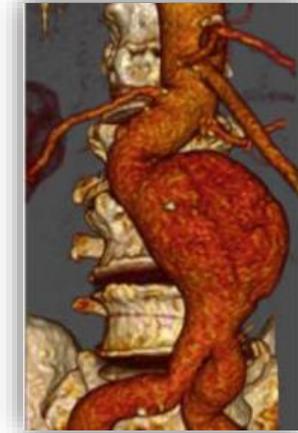
Université de Lyon, IMT Mines Saint-Etienne, Centre CIS, INSERM U1059, SainBioSE, France



Medical context

Aortic aneurysm:

- ✓ Dilatation of the aorta which can *lead to death*
- ✓ Affects *5 to 10%* of men aged 65+
- ✓ Most common treatment: *endovascular repair*
(deployment of a stent-graft within patient's aorta)



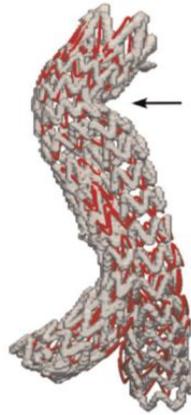
Medical context

- ✓ Time to design and manufacture customized stent-graft
> 2 months → Possible patient's **death before intervention**
- ✓ High complexity of the intervention
≥ 6h → **Radiations exposure** + Risk of **complications**
- ✓ Post-operative complications
15 % → **Secondary intervention**
2 to 7% → **Death**

***Risks for patient's health
+ Complex intervention for the physician
+ High costs for the hospitals***

Our technology

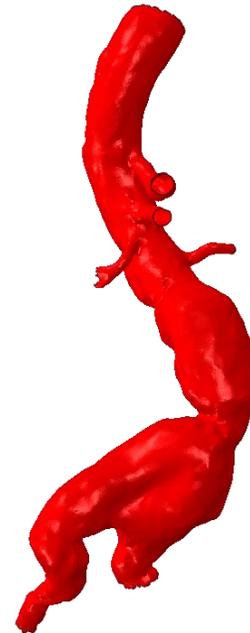
Numerical simulation of endovascular devices insertion



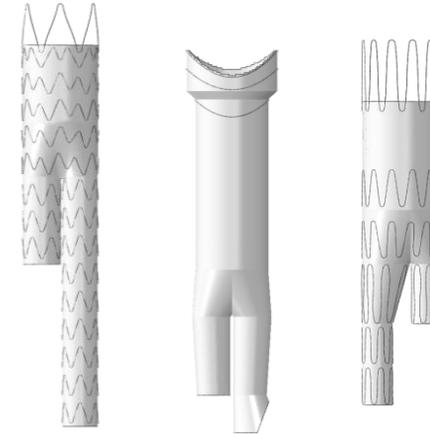
Predictive

50 clinical cases
Infra-renal, complex
supra-renal aortic
aneurysms

Robust



Patient-specific



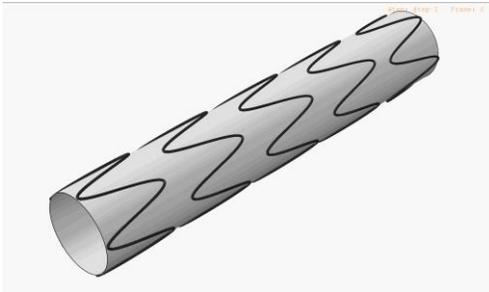
Device-specific

24h delivery
Cost-effective

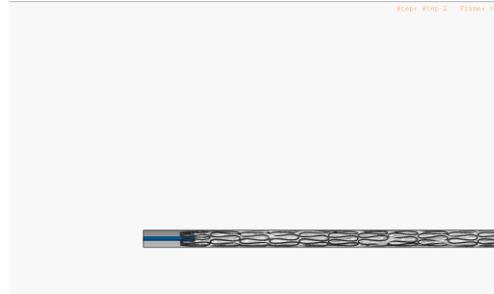
Efficient

Our technology

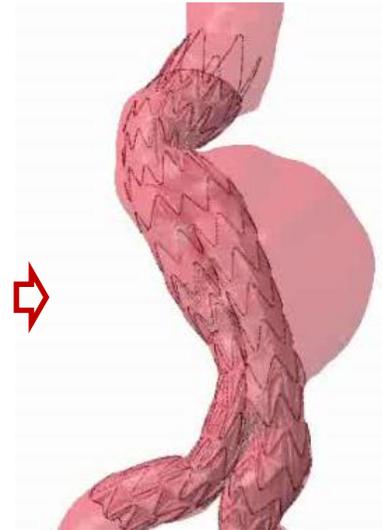
Research: from basic models to clinically relevant simulations



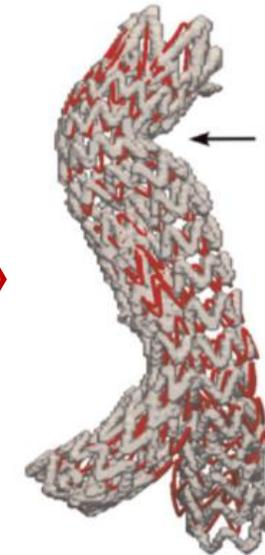
Stent-graft
modelling



Generic simulation
of stent-graft
deployment



Patient-specific
simulations

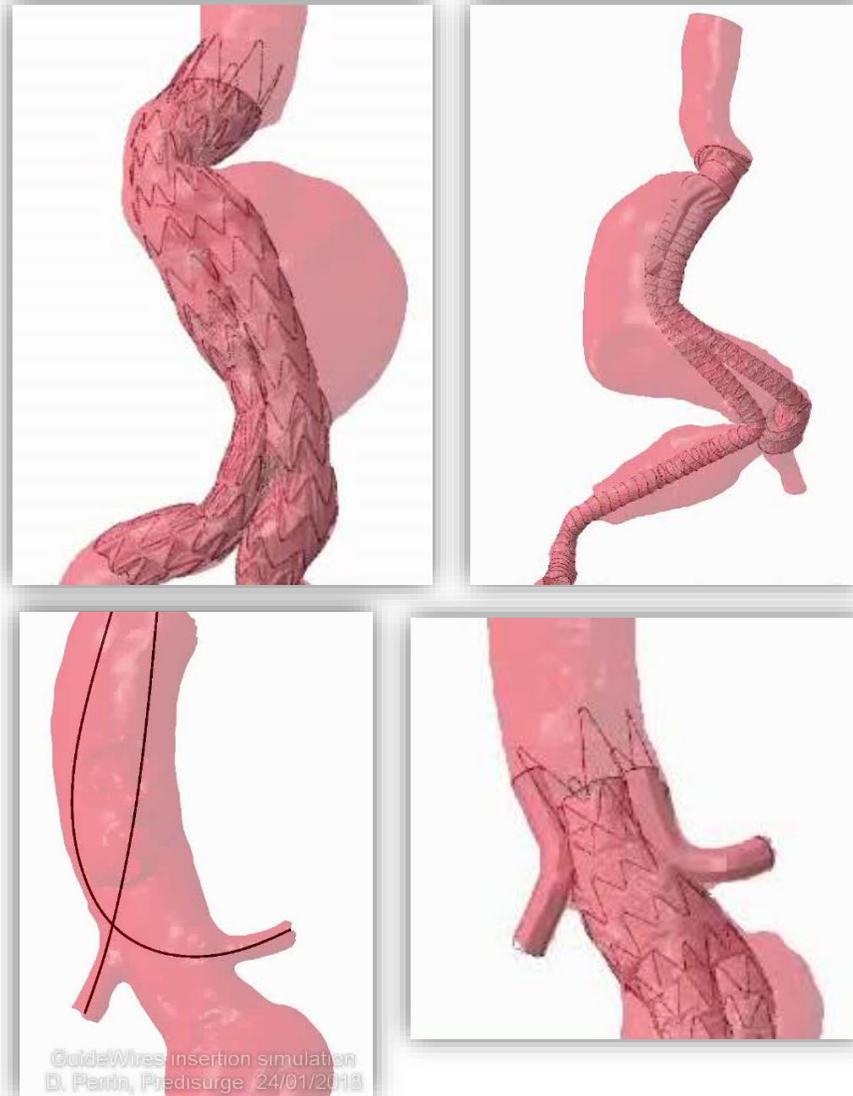


Simulation validation
and assessment

Red: simulation
Grey: postoperative scan

Our technology

- 2 academic theses
- 6 publications
- Patented technology
- 100+ clinical cases
- Very high interest from physicians



Applications

EVAR Preoperative planning

- Complex cases virtual rehearsal
- Anticipating operative difficulties
- Support to strategy and stent-graft (SG) choices



EVAR interventions

- 3D visualisation
- Less X-rays and contrast product dose
- Faster and secured interventions

Support to new SG designs

- Digital prototyping
- Numerical clinical studies on real anatomies database
- Analysis of potential SG failures

Digital predictive solutions for
medical device interventions

bpifrance

rediSurge

Software solutions assisted by numerical simulation

Optimize design, preoperative planning and implantation of medical devices

Company founded in May 2017

- Primary focus on endovascular repair (EVAR)
- Backed-up by:
 - **10 years** academic research
 - Aortic Biomechanics Research Center
 - **25** full-time researchers and students
 - Regional Aortic Unit
 - **300 standard** and **70 complex** EVAR per year



Recent extensions to TEVAR

Pathologies of the aortic arch (aneurysm, dissection...)

Rare condition but high risk of mortality

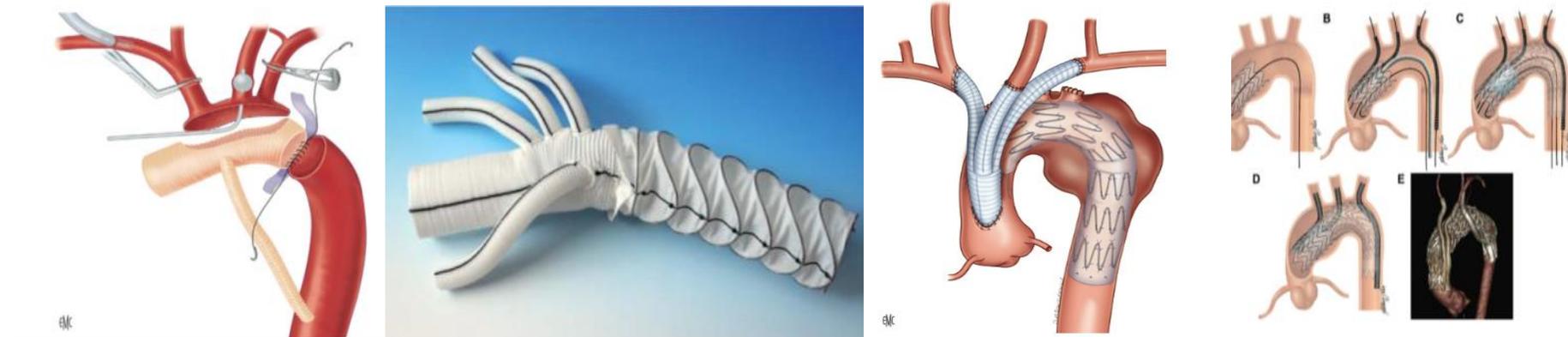
Various treatment options

Complex operative procedure with significant morbidity and mortality rates

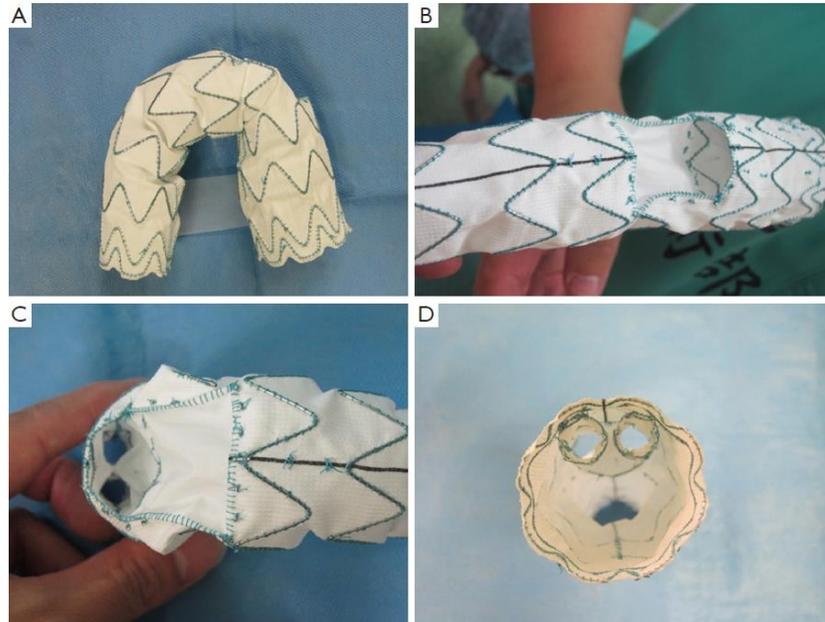
30-day mortality: until 15% Stroke: about 10%

Erbel R et al. 2014
Maurel B et al. 2015
Cao P et al. 2012
Tian DH et al 2013

A significant proportion of patient population = high-risk patients
deemed unfit for open surgery



Various options: arch branched devices

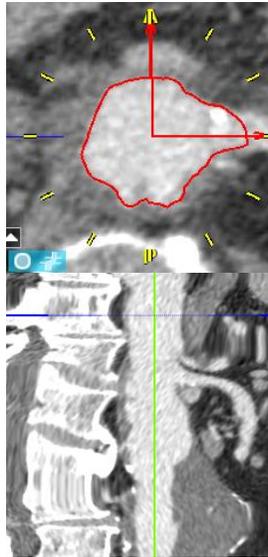


Double
Branch
endograft
Bolton
Relay®

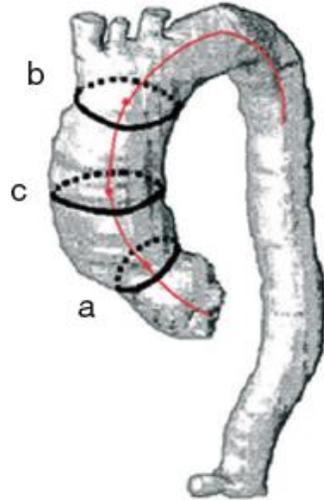


Custom-made device

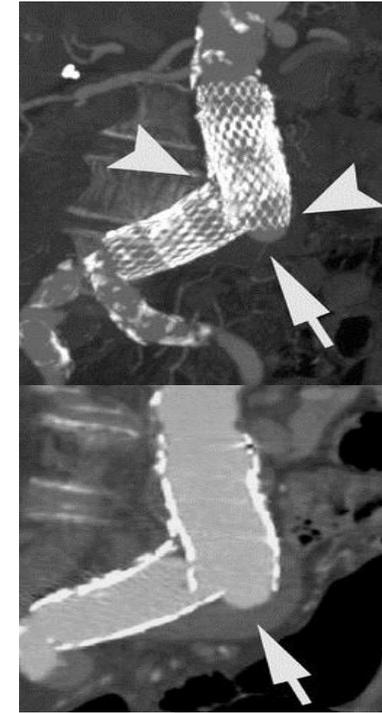
TEVAR challenges



Custom-made device
Measures on preop CT



Device alignment
Secure device

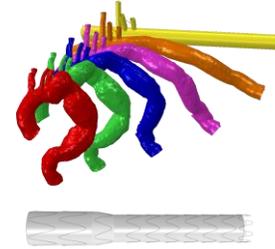
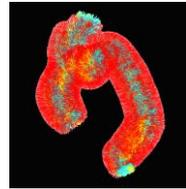
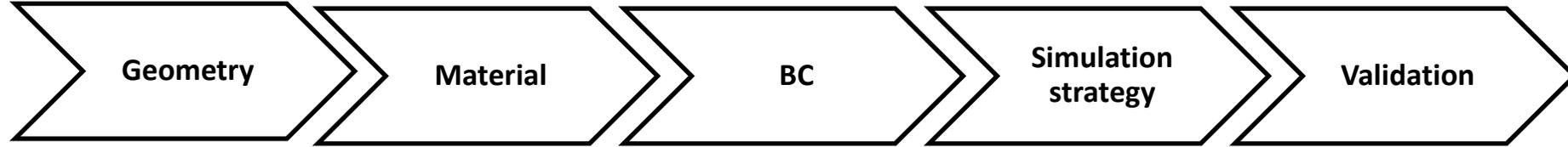


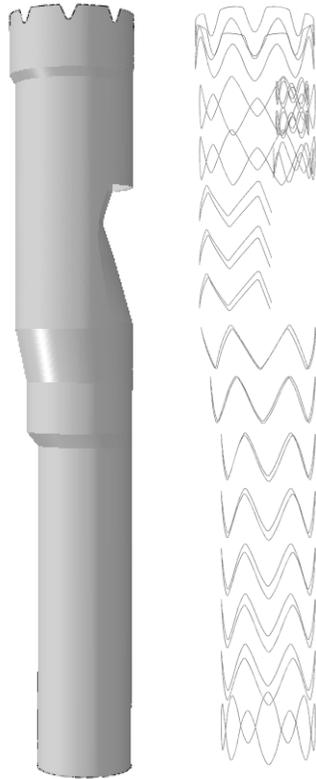
Device durability
New set of physiological loads

Tools are needed for planning to help the practitioner
and to improve the device properties

Computational analysis: promising tool

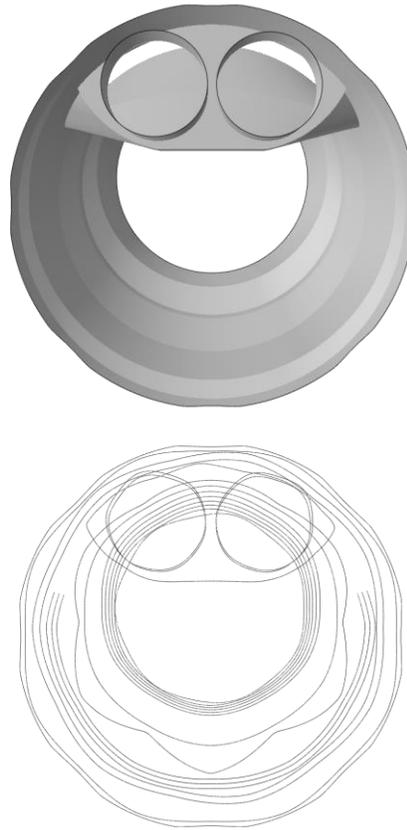
Methodology





**Personalised
Mesh**

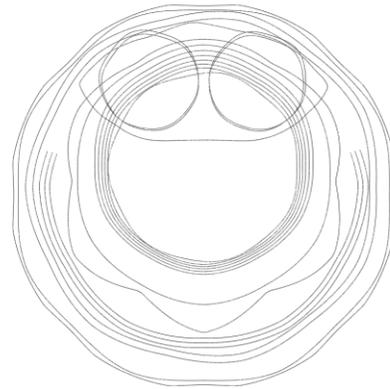
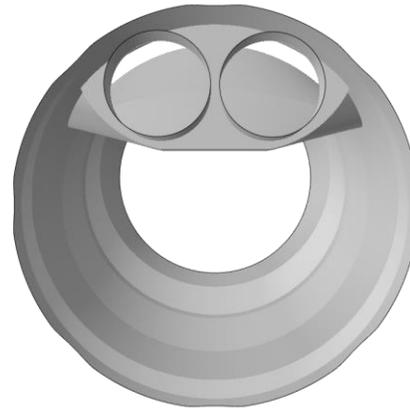
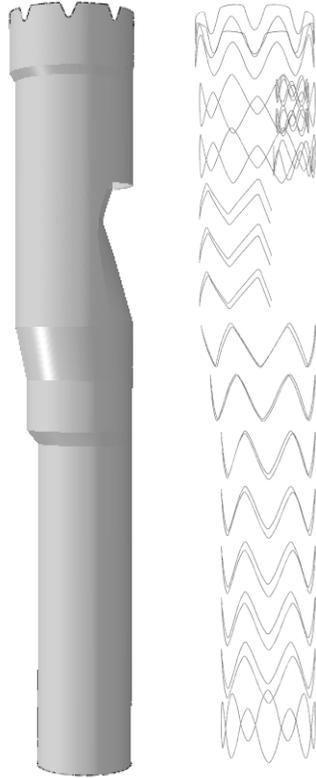
Graft: quad, 0,5 mm
Stent: beam, 0,3 mm



Personalised

- **Aortic segmentation:** preop CT
- **Mesh:** shell, 1,5mm





Stent: nitinol, linear elastic

Graft: PET (polyethylene terephthalate), orthotropic elastic

Perrin et al 2015b
Perrin et al 2016

De Bock et al 2012
Demanget et al 2012 & 2013
Perrin et al 2015b

Isotropic elastic $E=2 \text{ MPa}$; $\nu=0,4$

Homogeneous

Thickness 1,5 mm / 1 mm

Gasser et al 2006
Perrin et al 2015b



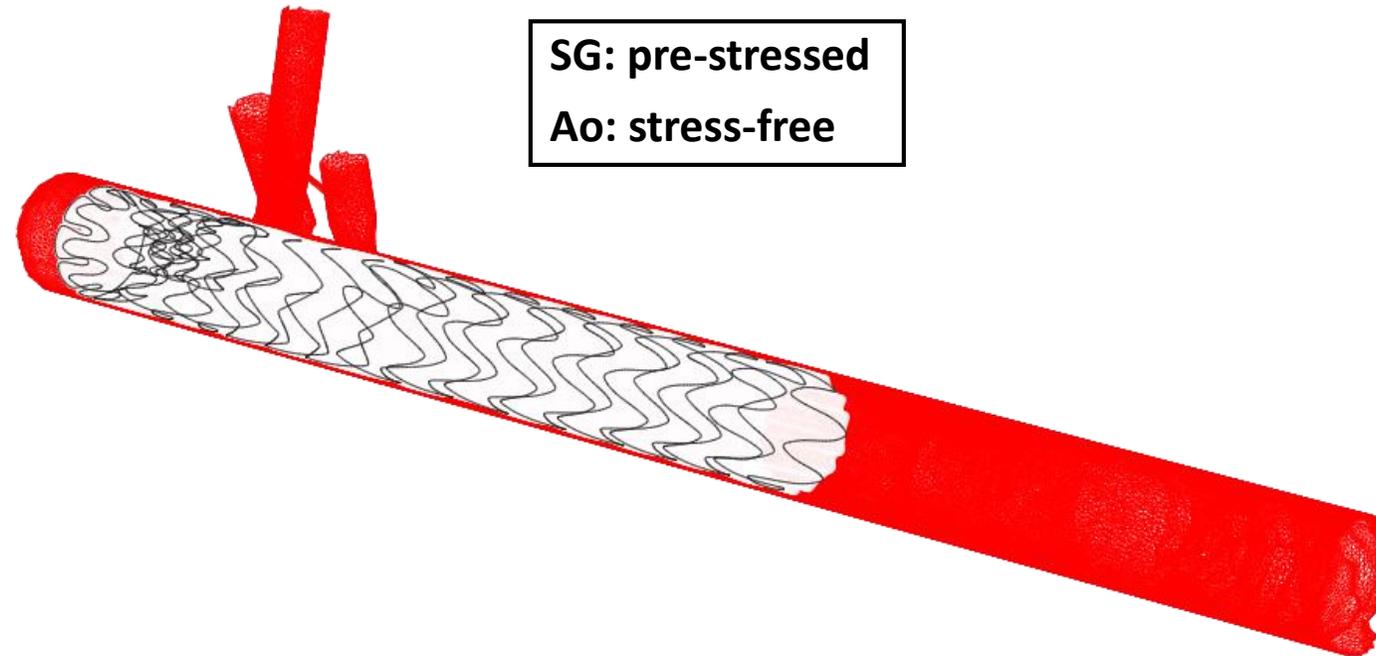
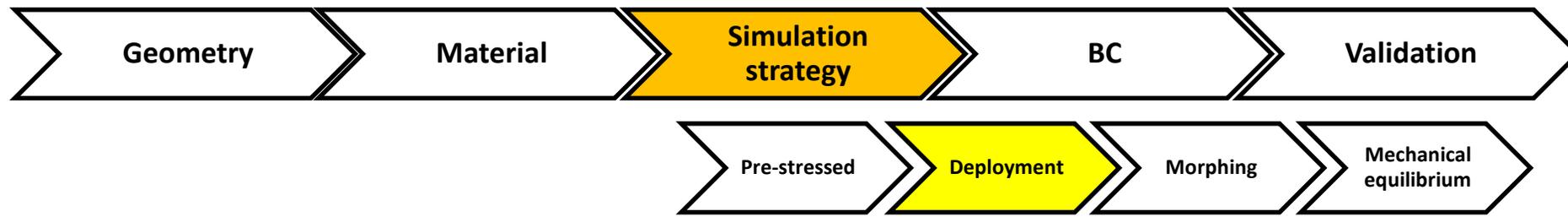
Stentgraft pre-stressed
 - oversizing: tie constraint
 - radial compression

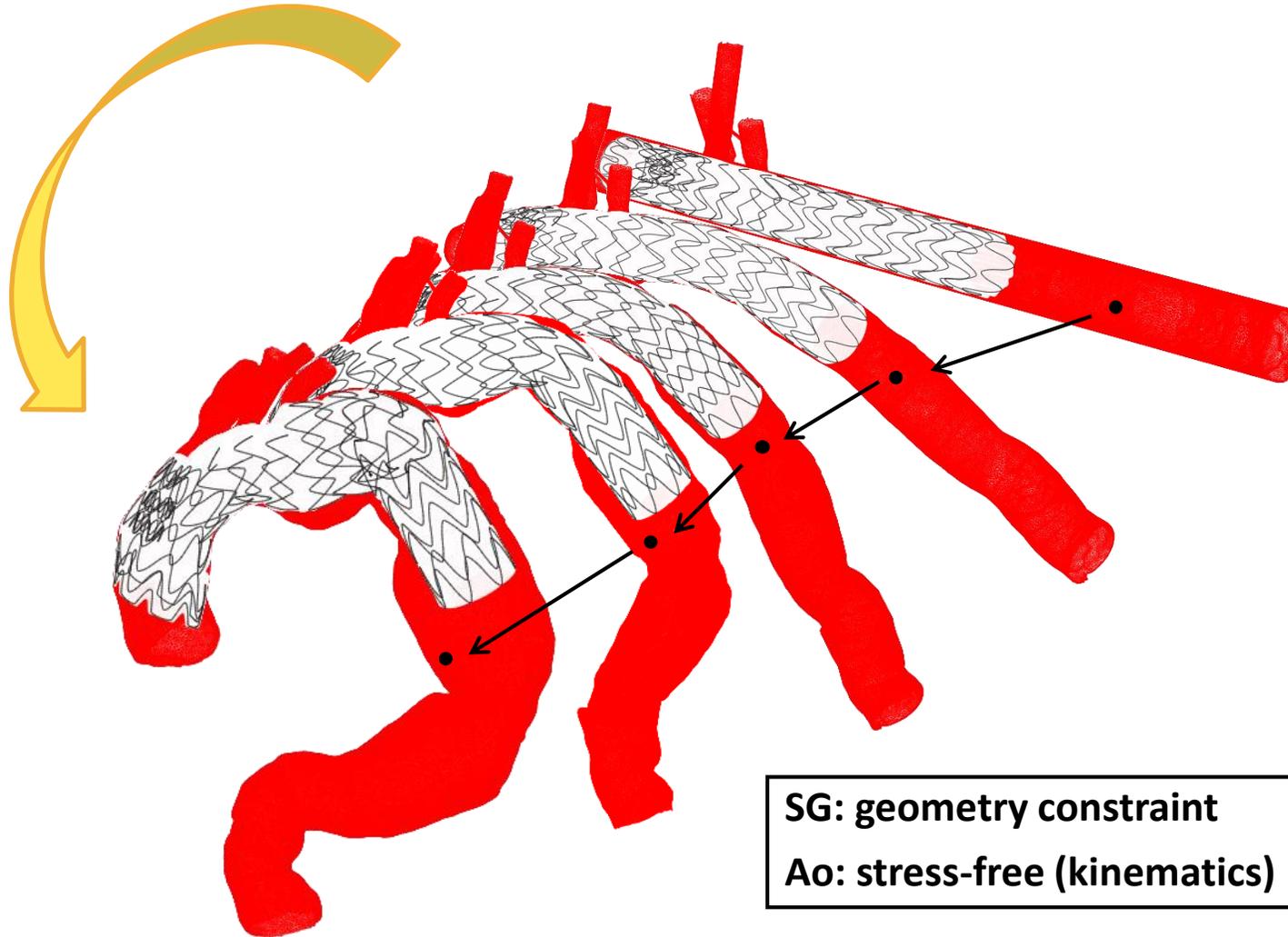


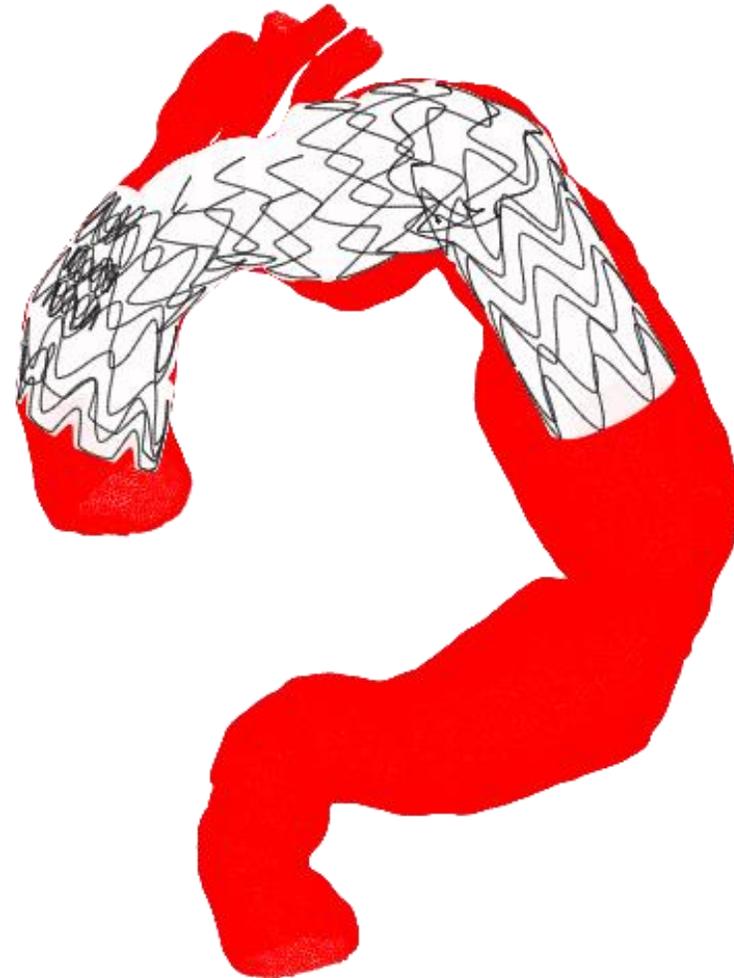
Ties



Radial compression







SG: stressed
Ao: stressed



- **Blood pressure**= 30 mmHg (on SG)
- **Friction SG/Aorta** = 0.4
De Bock et al 2012
De Bock et al 2014
Perrin et al 2015a & b
Perrin 2016
- **Nodes** were kinematically driven during morphing step
- **Aortic extremities** were fixed during the last step

Results



Case 1



Case 2



Case 3



Case 4

Results



Bolton double-branch stentgraft simulation
Lucie Derycke, 18/05/2018
With PrediSurge

Current work

Additional stentgrafts



- Limbs

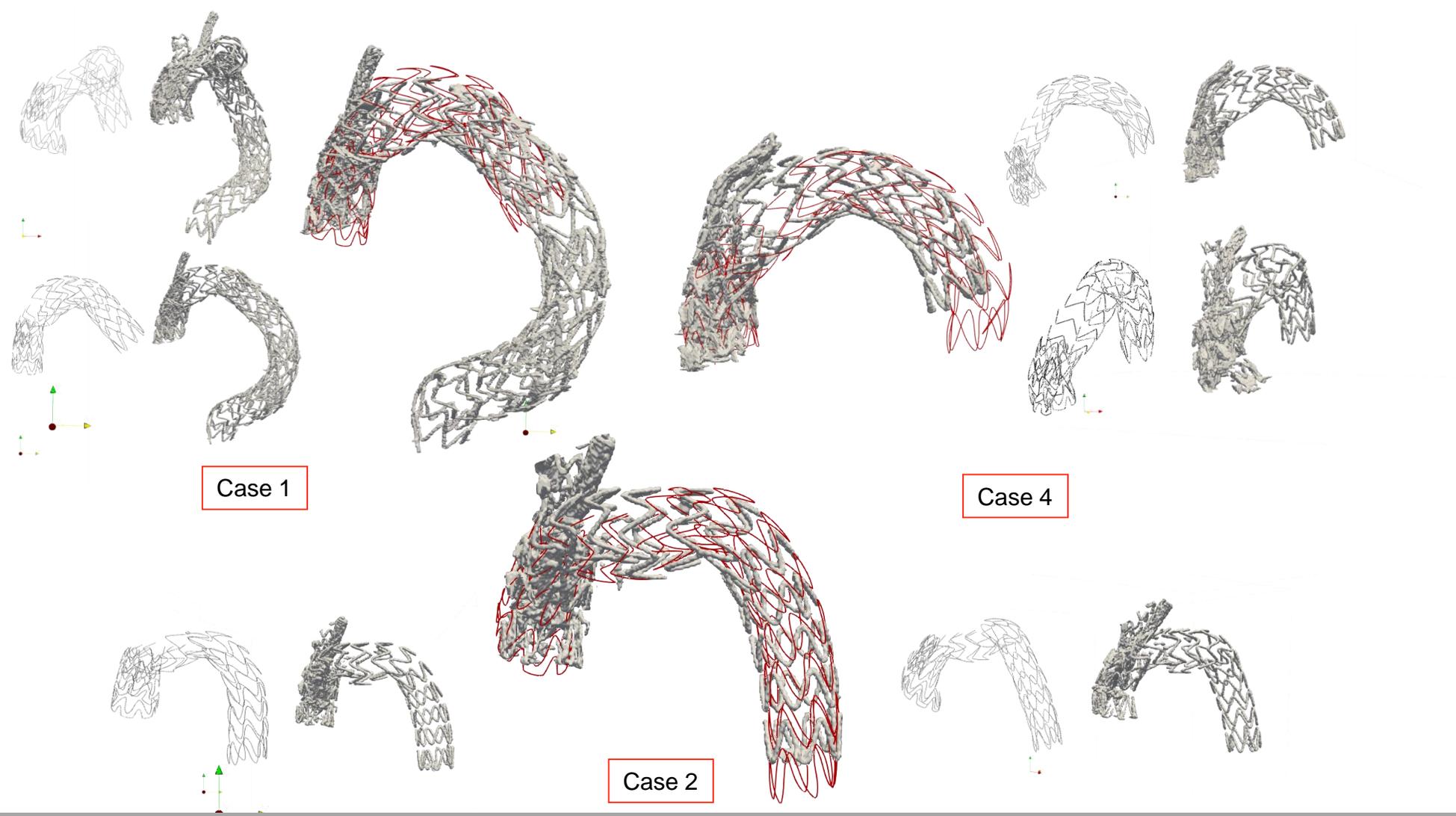


- Limbs after crimping



To develop an algorithm to guide the limbs in the supra-aortic vessels before the deployment

Validation



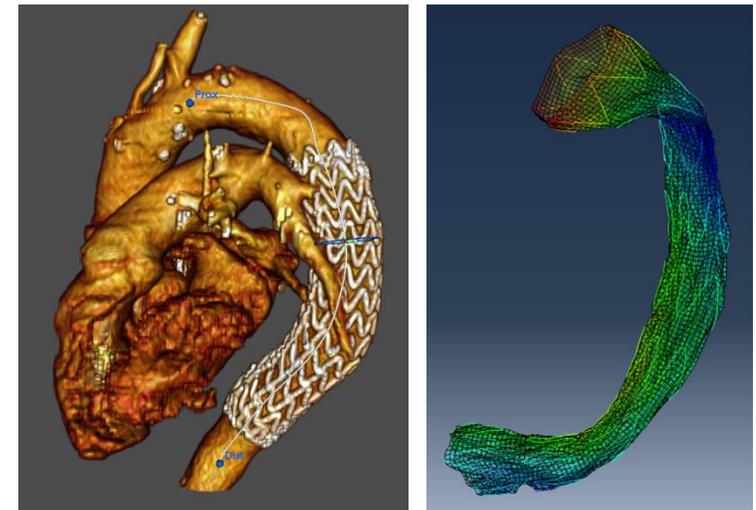
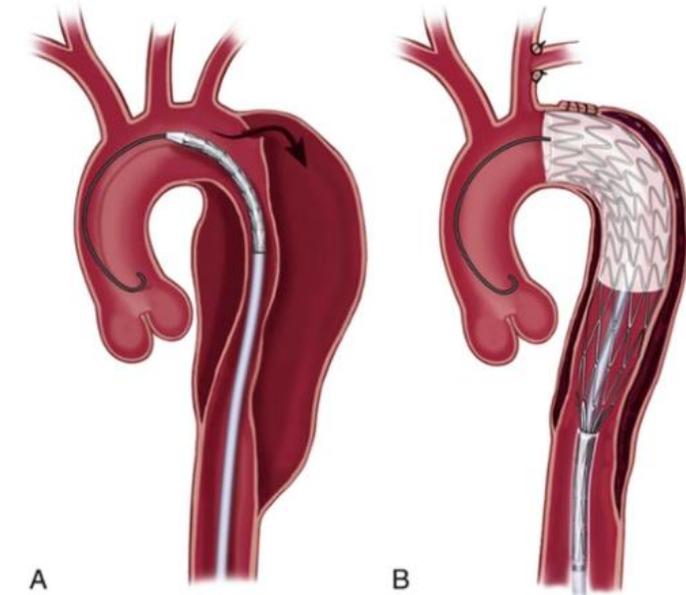
Case 1

Case 4

Case 2

Conclusion & future directions

- Real-time simulations
 - Personalized image-guided EVAR
- Extensions to TEVAR
 - FSI modelling
 - Mechanobiological modelling
- Functional stent-grafts
 - Drug-coated
 - Smart textiles



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